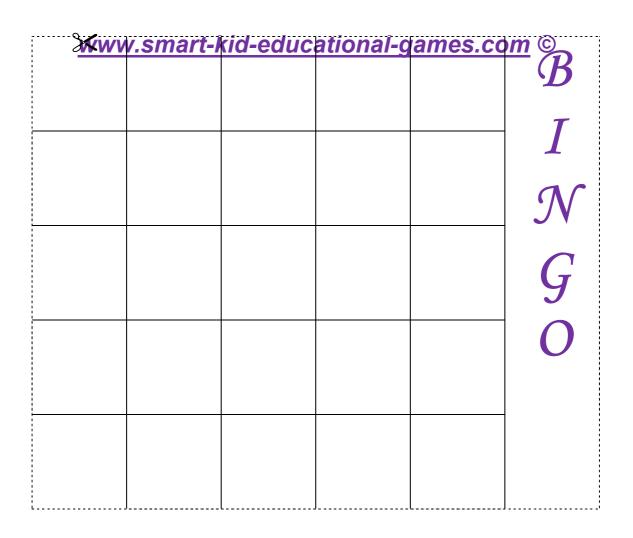
With this game your kid will learn his addition and multiplication tables in no time. He may even become interested in mathematical operations and equations!

Get thick card paper, blank paper, pencils, coins or a marker.

- Use two paper cards. Make a 5x5 square table (5 rows and 5 columns) on each card. Each card then becomes a Bingo card. Inside each square write numbers randomly from 1 to 20.
- Cut the blank paper in 20 2" x 2" (6 cms x 6 cms) squares. On each square write an appropriate math operation that equals any of the numbers on the Bingo card. For instance, for number 12 write "7+5" or "20-8". Cut each square. Each paper square is now a flash card.
- Repeat this process on the other blank paper to have operations that equal the numbers in the other paper card containing the table.
- Put the 40 flash cards in the paper bag or in a basket. To play the game, pull one flash card. If the operation equals one of the numbers on the Bingo card, place a coin on the appropriate number on the Bingo card. Put the card back in the basket. Take turns in pulling a flash card from the basket. The player that has first filled his entire Bingo card with coins wins.
- You can play the same game but this time with multiplications and divisions. We recommend this for kids aged 8-9. On the Bingo card game write 25 numbers randomly. This time don't hesitate to put big numbers like 48 or 64! On each flash card, you can put the appropriate operation like 8 x 8 or 128 : 2. You can customize the game to include even more flash cards!



Print this bingo card at least two times and write your own numbers from 1 to 20!

Write the equations that match the numbers of the bingo card. For instance, for number 12 write "7+5" or "20-8".

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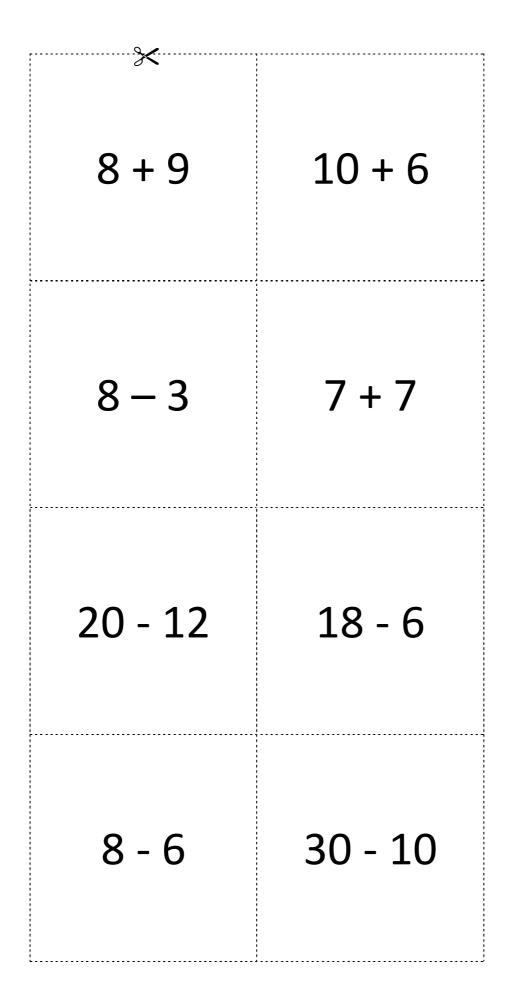
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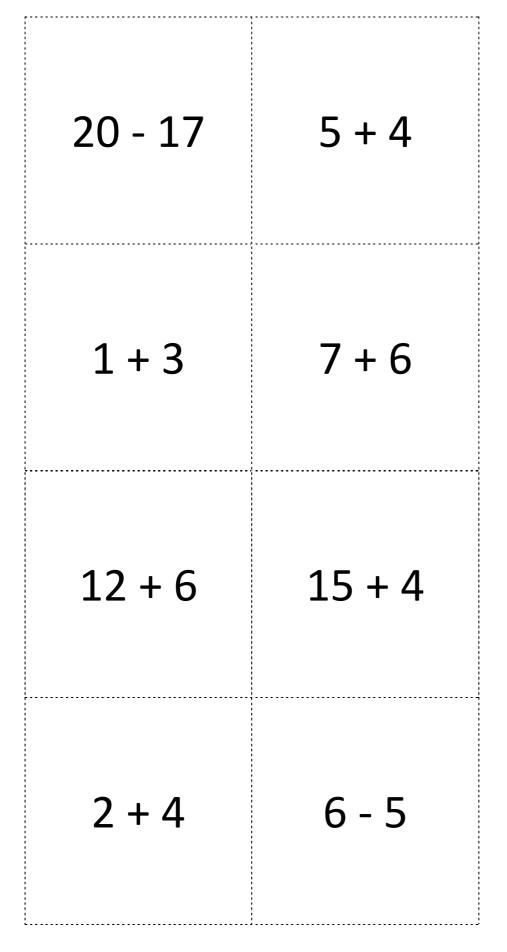
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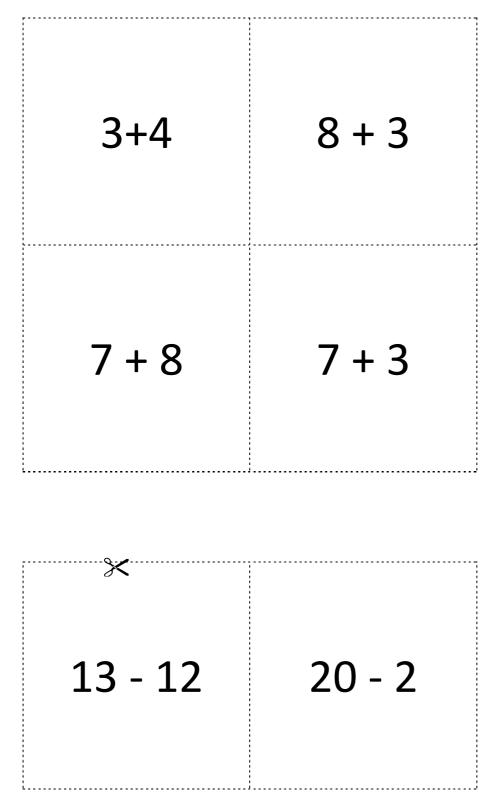
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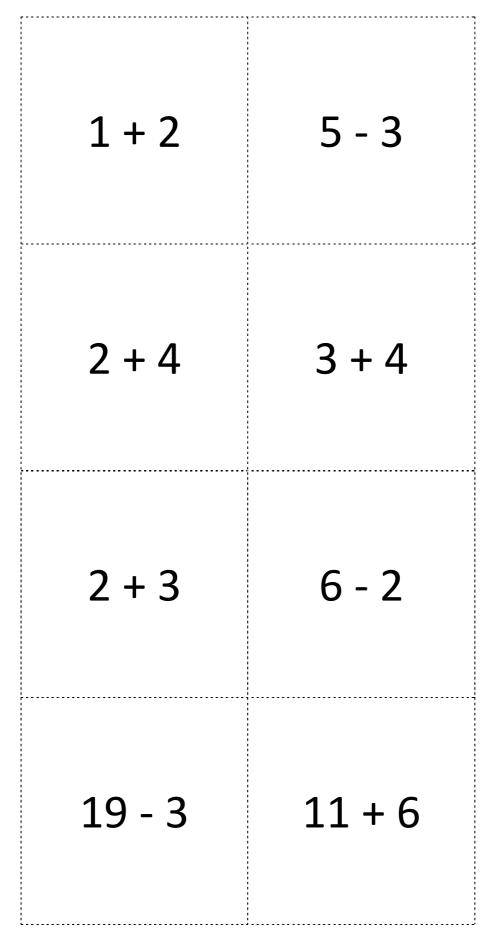
You can also use the following preprepared Bingo cards!

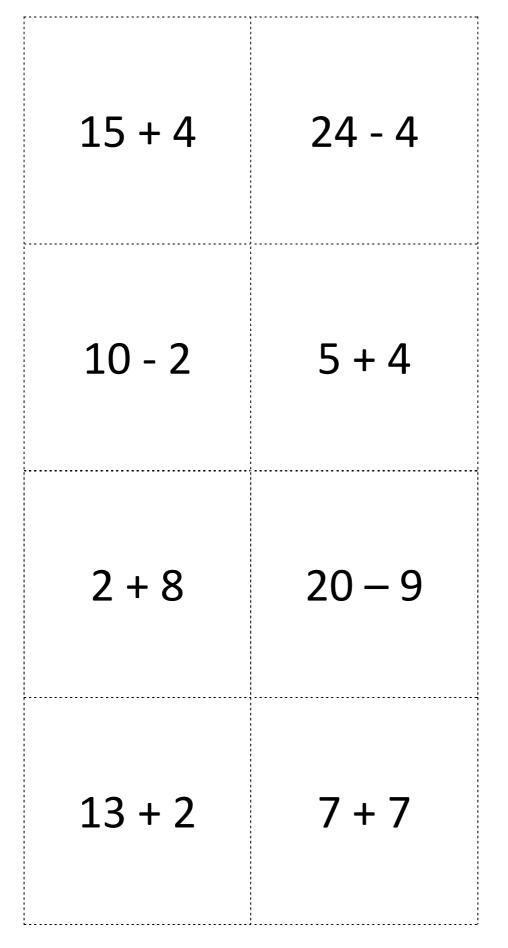
× 3	7	9	10	19	B I
11	18	13	16	15	$\frac{1}{\mathcal{N}}$
4	19	6	1	12	G
16	14	20	3	8	0
17	5	8	2	12	
<b>∻</b> 4	11	5	7	15	B
7	9	5	2	6	$\frac{1}{\mathcal{N}}$
11	12	3	16	6	G
12	1	17	14	13	0
10	19	18	8	20	

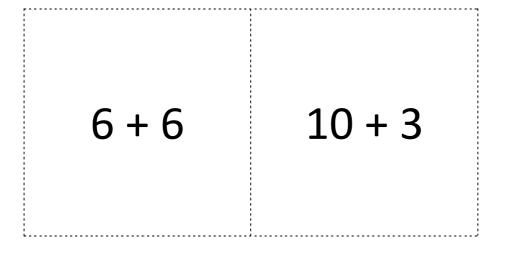




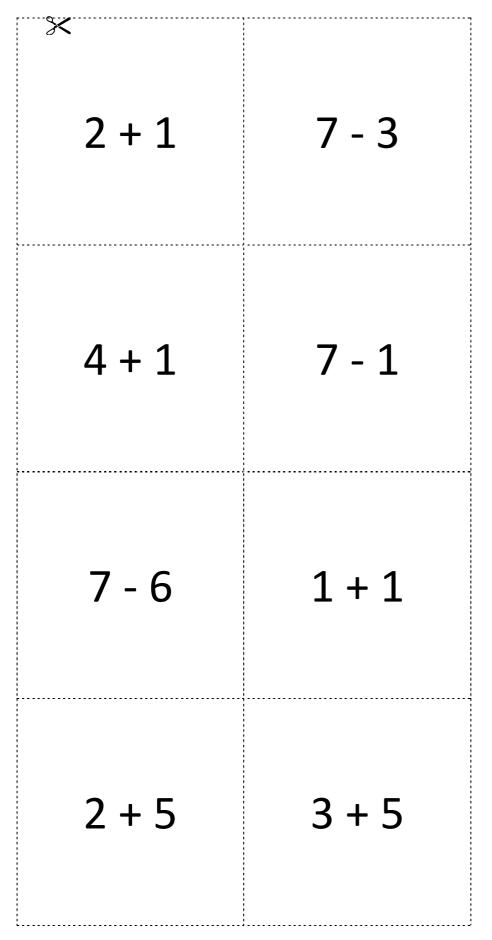


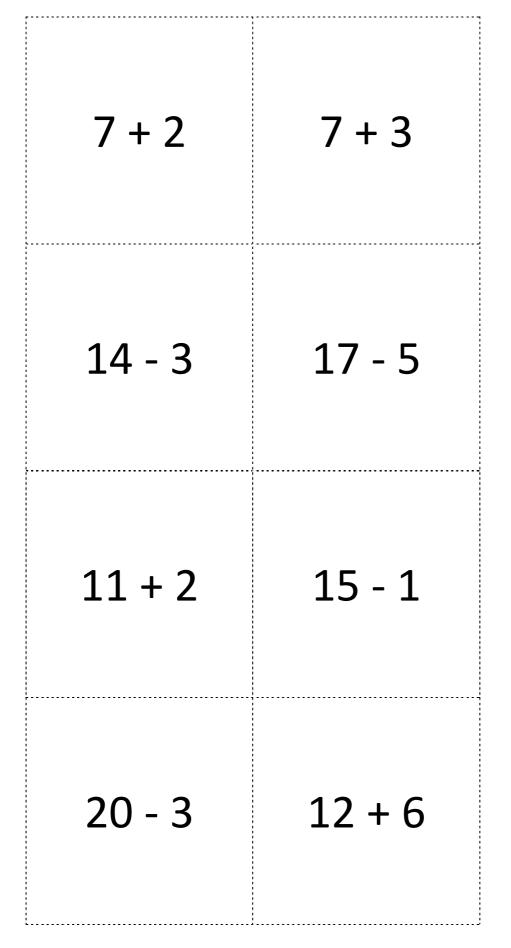


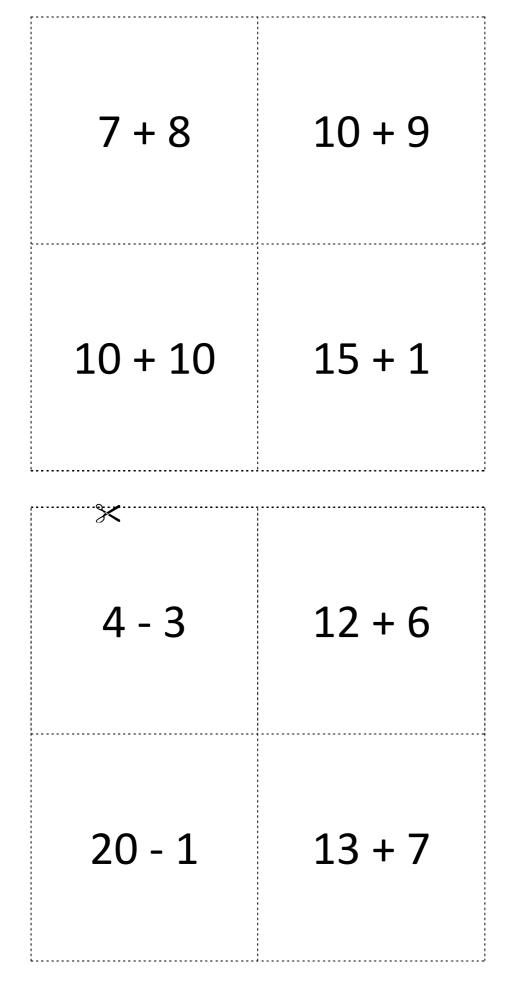


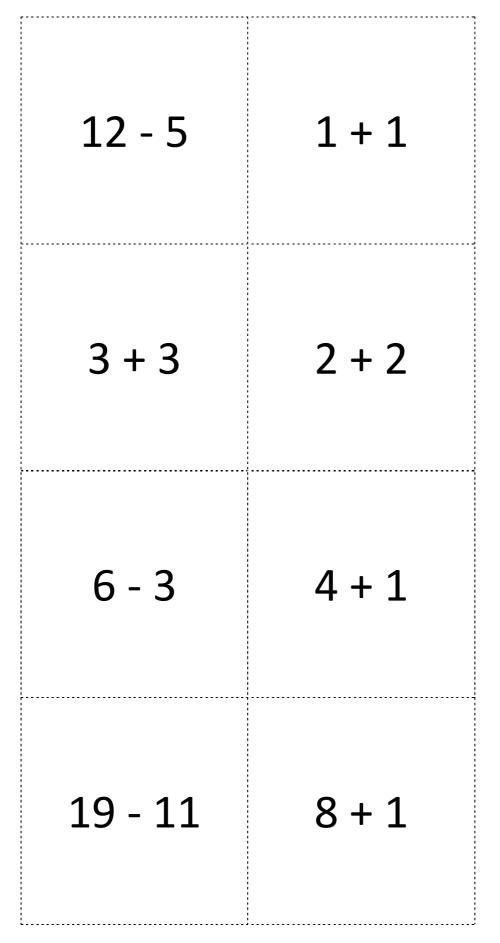


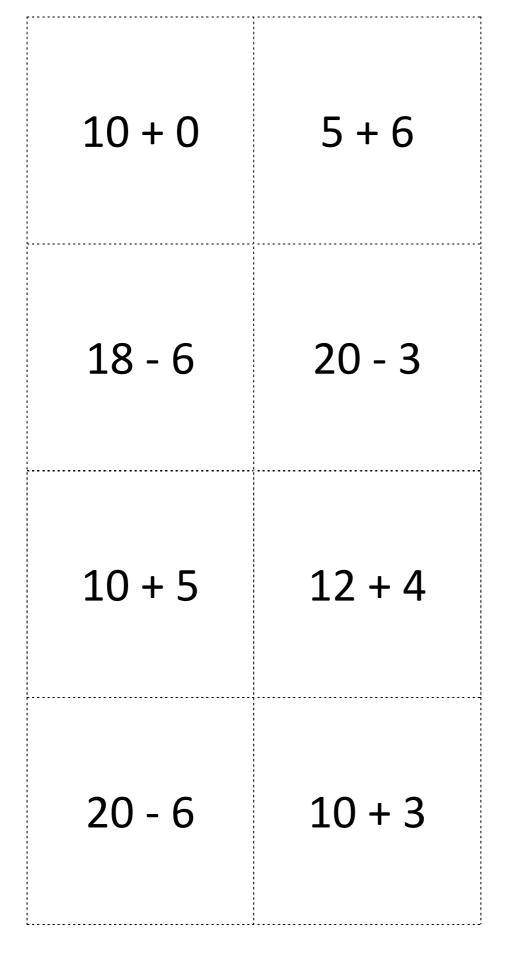
× 1	19	20	10	11	B I
9	18	4	8	2	$\frac{1}{\mathcal{N}}$
13	10	14	2	12	G
6	3	11	15	5	0
17	13	7	16	12	
× 19	20	2	3	4	B
5	2	3	5	1	$\frac{1}{\mathcal{N}}$
13	7	14	6	6	G
15	16	4	8	17	0
10	11	12	18	9	



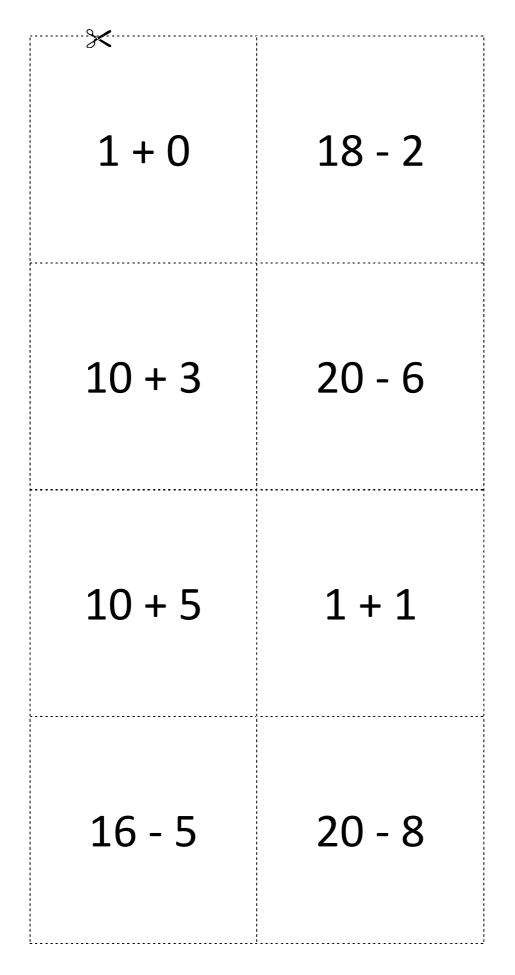


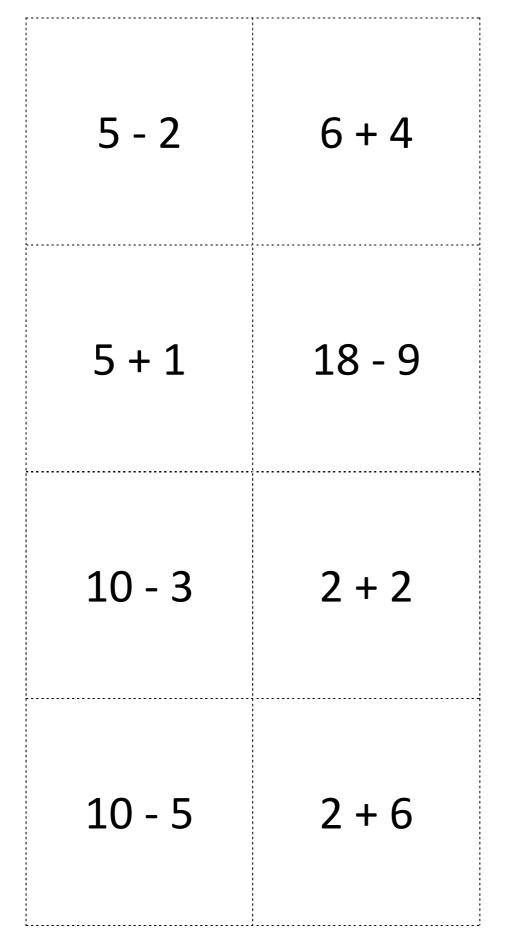


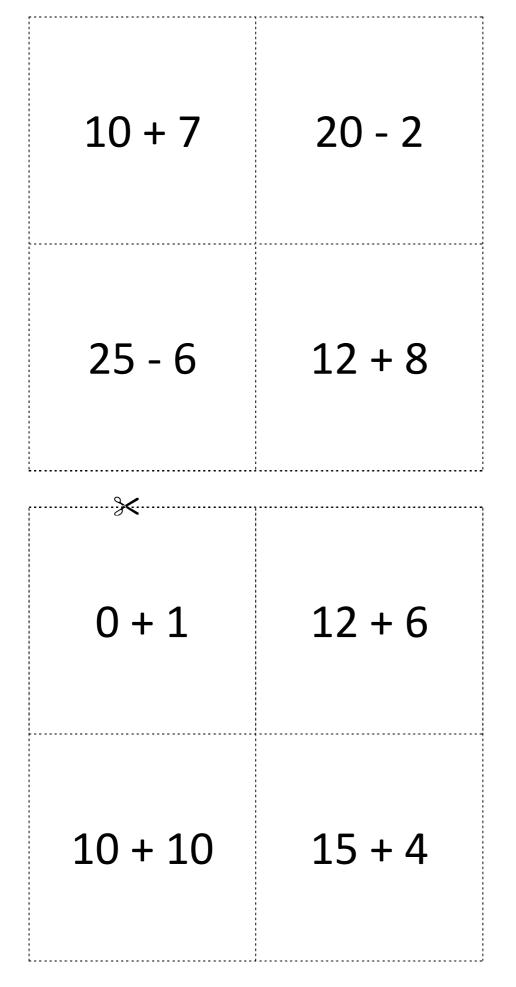


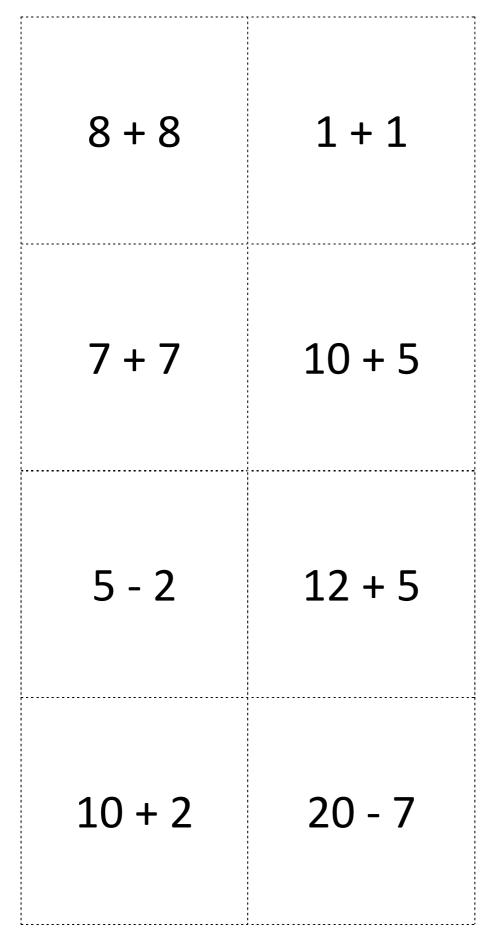


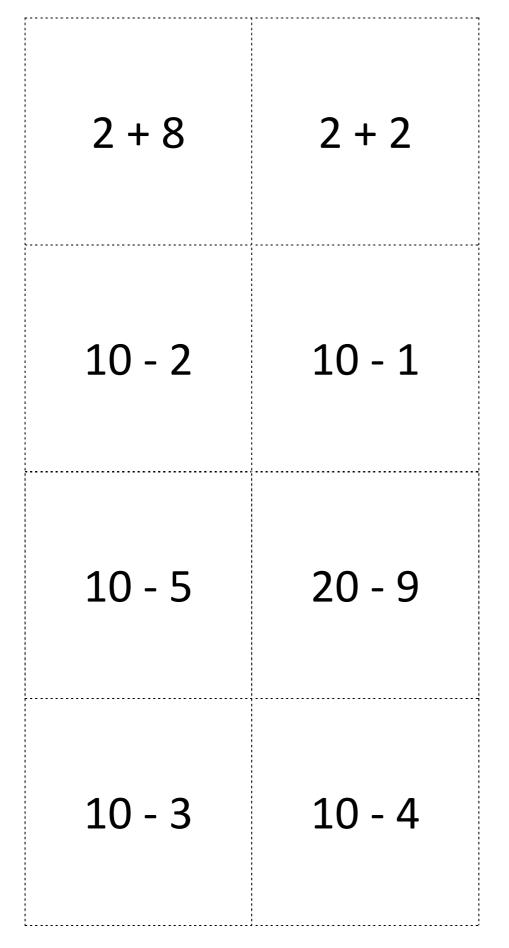
× 17	8	18	9	19	B
14	7	2	10	20	$egin{array}{c} I \ \mathcal{N} \end{array}$
15	3	6	1	11	G
12	13	4	5	16	0
1	2	4	7	6	
× 12	4	2	5	7	B
11	1	13	9	3	$\frac{1}{\mathcal{N}}$
10	6	7	4	8	G
3	15	5	14	8	0
20	17	18	19	16	







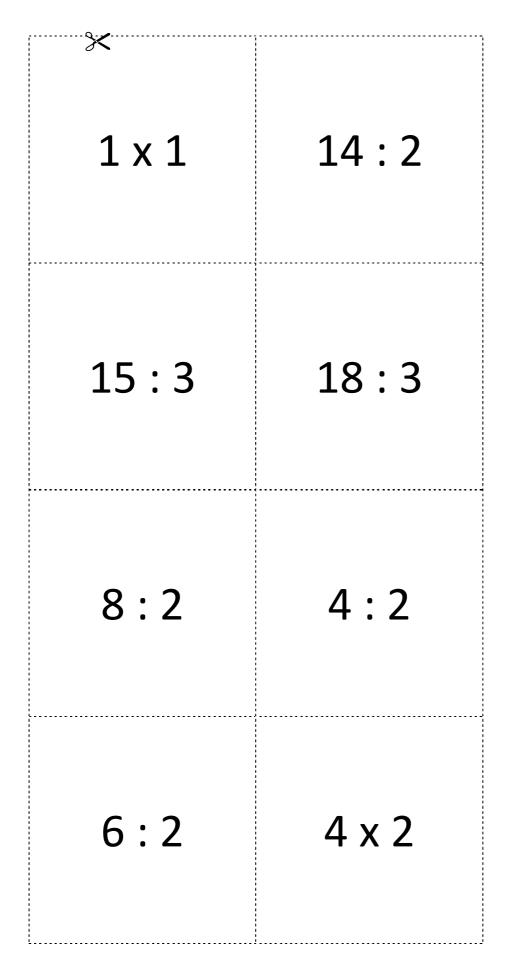


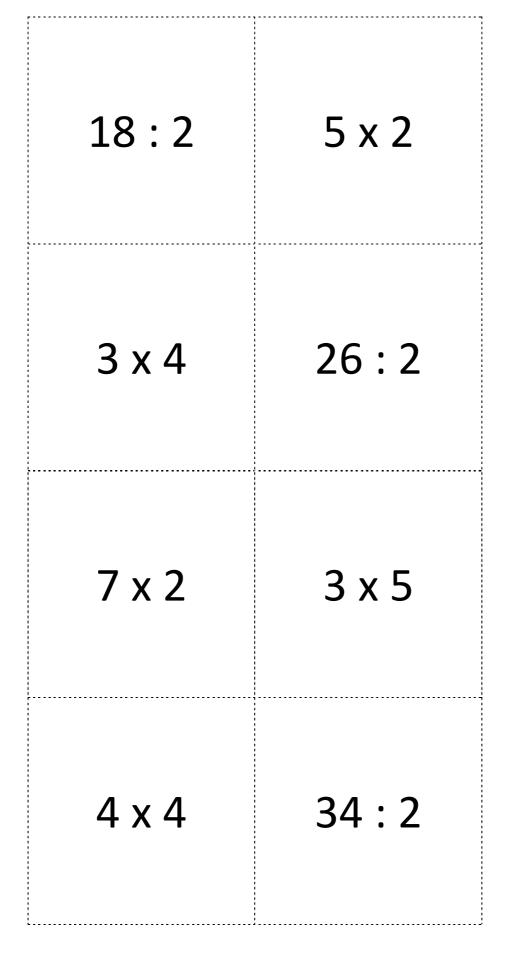


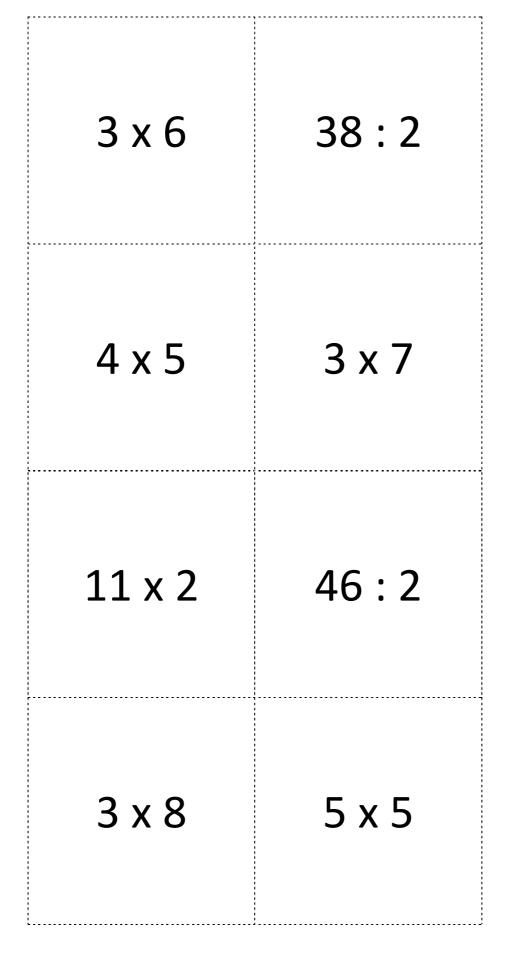
You can also play the same game with multiplications and divisions. We only recommend this for kids aged 8-9.

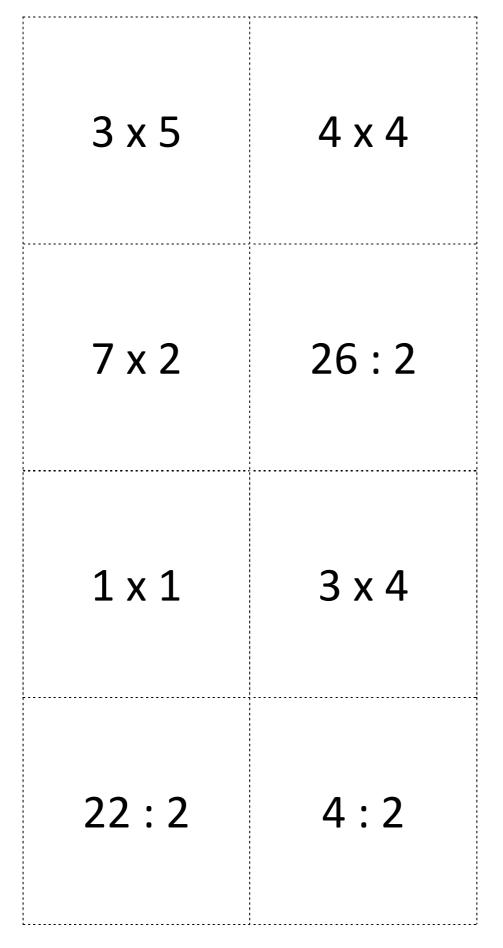
Below you will find bingo cards and flash cards for multiplication and division practice! Our last bingo game is the most difficult!

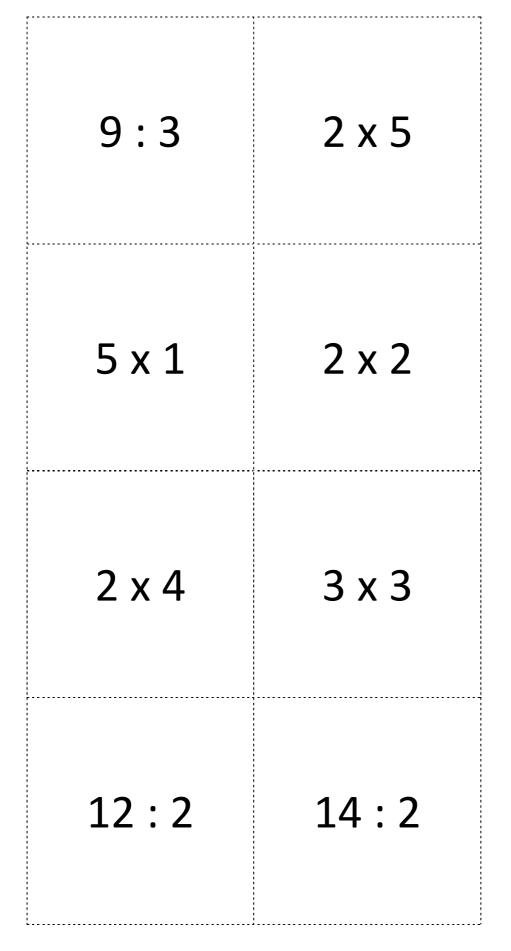
×				r	
4	14	5	17	16	B
24	1	13	3	15	$egin{array}{c} I \ \mathcal{N} \end{array}$
23	10	2	6	18	G
22	9	11	7	19	0
25	8	12	21	20	
× 22	23	11	12	24	B
20	1	2	13	25	$\frac{1}{\mathcal{N}}$
21	7	6	3	14	G
16	8	5	4	15	0
19	17	9	10	18	

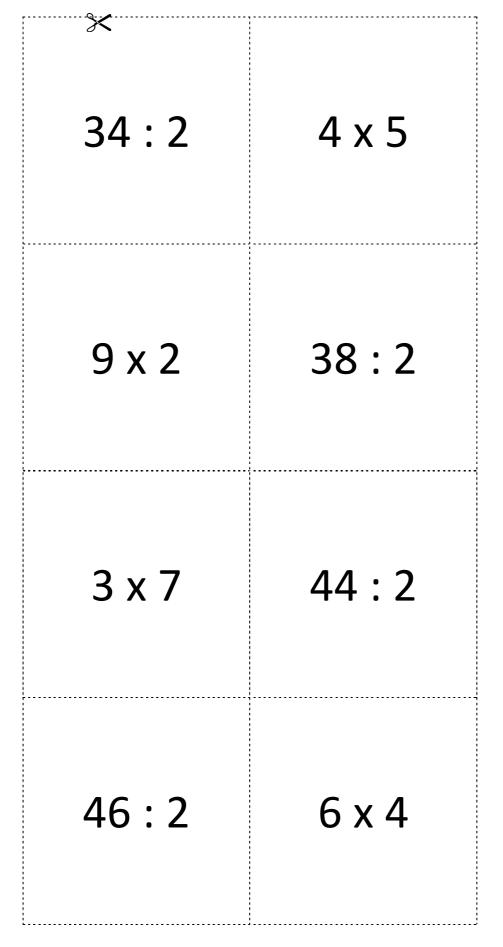






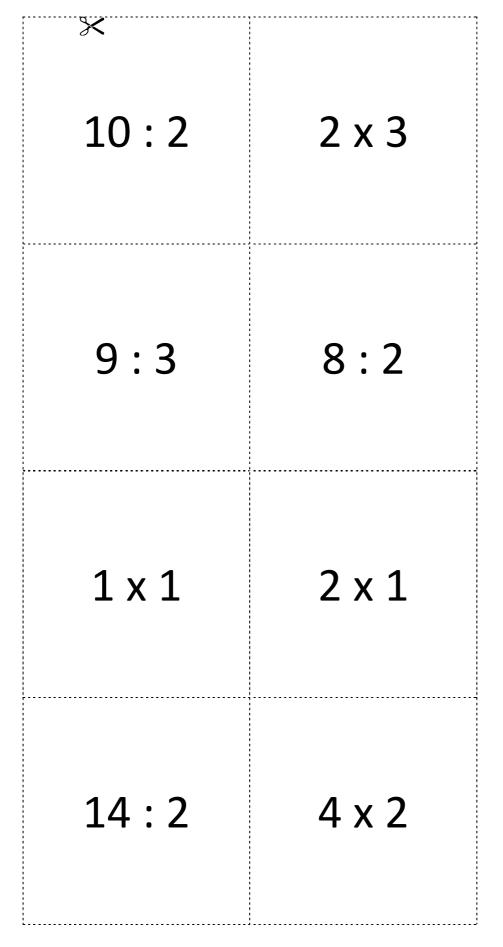


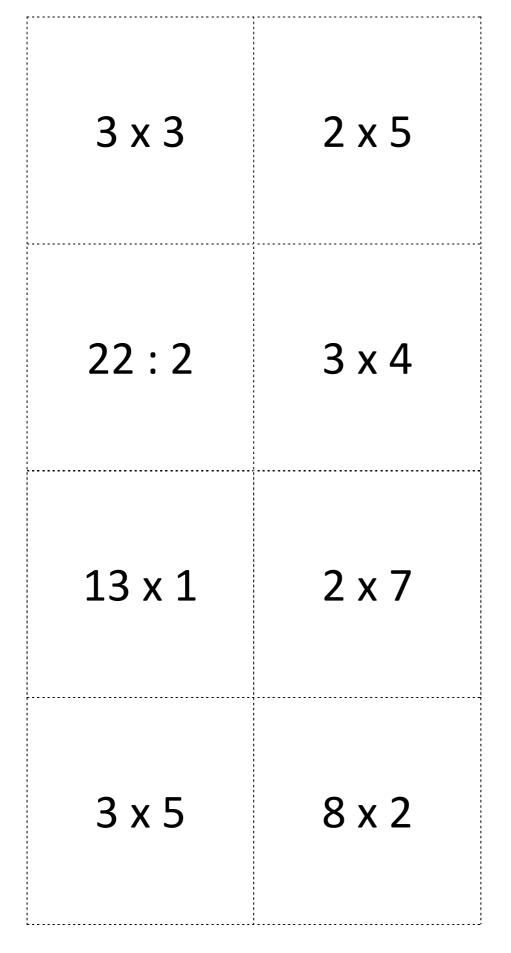


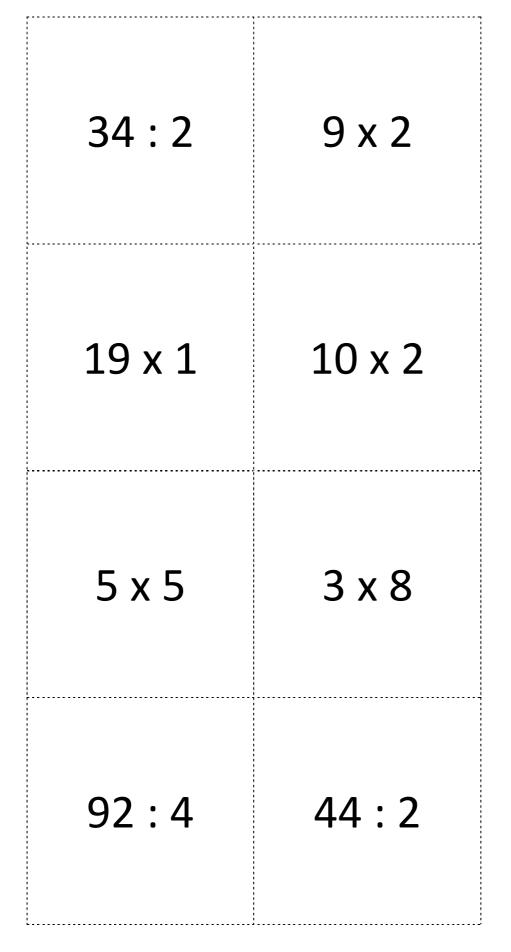


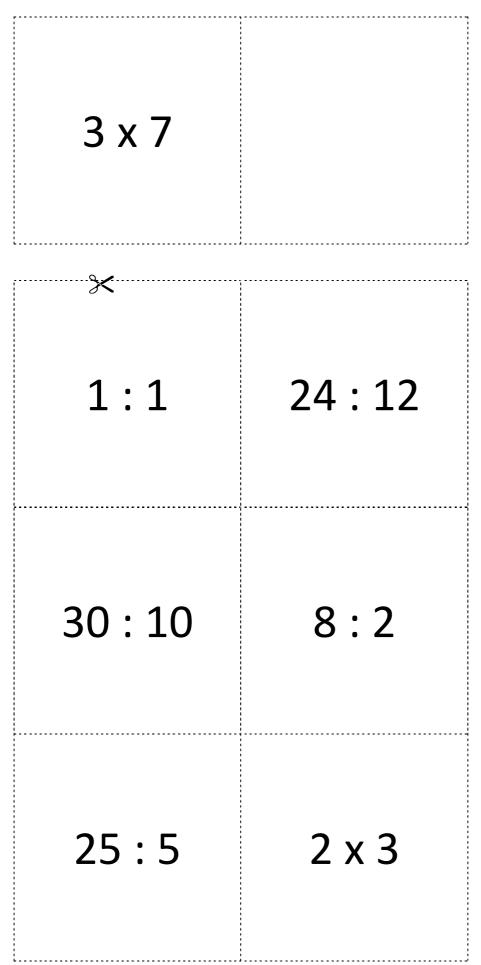
5 x 5	
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× 1	2	25	14	13	B
19	3	4	11	12	$egin{array}{c} I \ \mathcal{N} \end{array}$
20	18	5	10	15	G
21	7	23	8	16	0
22	6	24	9	17	
≫ 25	2	10	11	12	B
17	18	7	3	9	$\frac{1}{\mathcal{N}}$
16	4	19	1	8	G
24	15	5	6	21	0

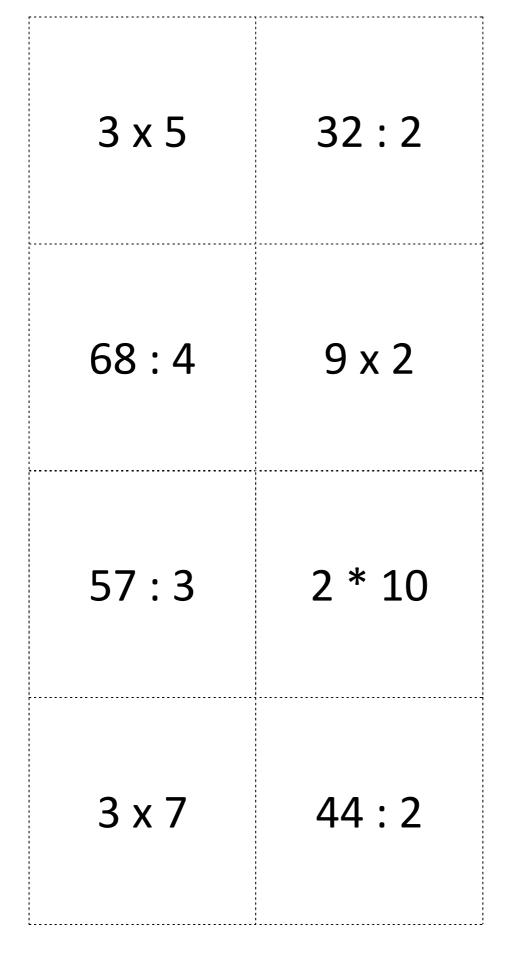








21:3	64 : 8
81:9	26 : 2
3 x 4	28:2
121:11	100 : 10



138 : 6	12 x 2
100:4	